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Sweet Pea
Burpee's
Vermilion
Brilliant

OCT 3
Departure



The
Silent Salesman's
Assistant

AN AID TO

Burpee's Annual

The Leading American Seed Catalog

The Mission

of THE SILENT SALESMAN'S ASSISTANT is two-fold. In the first place it is sent to all customers of 1914 as a reminder that THE SILENT SALESMAN (*Burpee's Annual for 1915*) has been mailed, and if for any reason it has not been received another copy will be sent by return post if you will ask for it upon the enclosed card.

Secondly, THE ASSISTANT is sent also to some planters from whom we failed to receive an order last season.

It is in no way intended to answer for the BURPEE ANNUAL, the Leading American Seed Catalog, which is a Bright New Book of 182 pages with hundreds of illustrations and carefully written descriptions. If you have received this book, we ask that you kindly hand this little Folder to a neighbor who might be interested in Burpee-Quality SEEDS THAT GROW.

In case you have ordered already will you not take half an hour to go carefully over the varieties and collections here offered to see if there is not something else that you could use to advantage?

We trust THE ASSISTANT may be the means of adding to the pleasure and profit of your garden for 1915, and also of making many new friends for The House of Burpee.

It goes without saying that if you are not *thoroughly satisfied*, you can have your money back any time within the year,—for such is the guarantee that protects all who plant Seeds purchased of

Burpee, Philadelphia

"Our Business is Our Pleasure"



THE REASON FOR 76 BURPEE VARIETIES



IN 1876,—Centennial Year of American Independence,—The House of Burpee began business in a very modest way. ☉ To commemorate this event and to fix in the minds of our customers this date,—'76,—we have selected 76 Burpee Varieties that are (with the exception of Chalk's Early Jewel Tomato, which by reason of its excellence is entitled to a Bull's-eye [☉]) all of our own introduction, and acknowledged Standards of Excellence of their kind. These are listed with brief descriptions, together with the year of introduction, and also designated by a Bull's-eye [☉].

(See Burpee's Annual for 1915 for more complete descriptions.)

☉ "GOOD AS GOLD." This mark [☉], now called a bull's-eye, was used by the ancient alchemists to represent gold. We have used for

some years a bull's-eye [☉] to mark those varieties of Vegetables which we consider the very best of their class.

BUSH BEANS

☉ No. 10—Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod (1894) is still unequaled as a first-early! The pods are a rich green, very round and straight, five inches long, deeply *saddle-backed*, tender, brittle, and of finest flavor, always entirely stringless. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts.; pint 30 cts., by mail, postpaid.

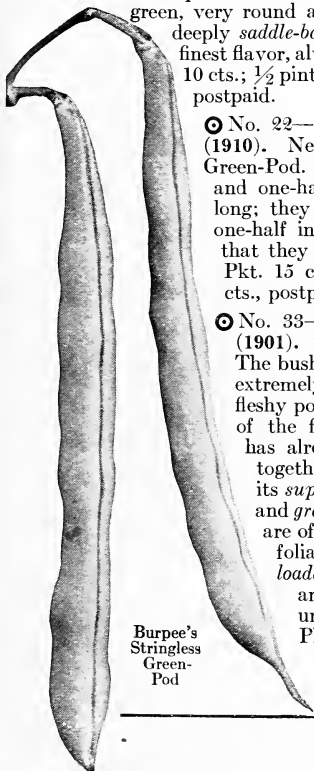
☉ No. 22—Burpee's Fordhook Favorite (1910). New White-Seeded Stringless Green-Pod. The pods measure from five and one-half to six and one-half inches long; they are one-half inch wide and one-half inch thick,—so full and fleshy that they are almost perfectly round. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 25 cts.; pint 45 cts., postpaid.

☉ No. 33—Burpee's "Brittle Wax" (1901). The earliest of all Wax Beans! The bushes are remarkably hardy and extremely prolific, while the handsome fleshy pods are *entirely stringless* and of the finest quality. Brittle Wax has already "made a record,"—altogether unequaled,—by reason of its *superb quality, extreme earliness, and great productiveness*. The plants are of vigorous growth, with large foliage, and appear *completely loaded with handsome pods*, which are nearly straight and measure $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 inches long. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts.; pint 35 cts., by mail, postpaid.

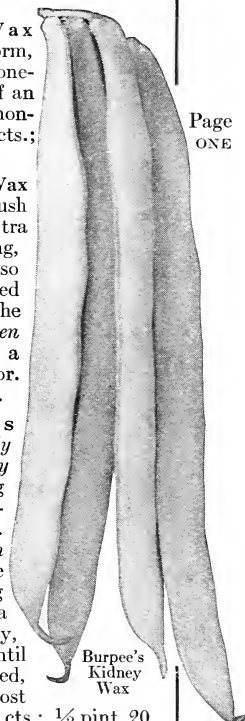
☉ No. 44—Burpee's Kidney Wax (1906). Pods are flattened in form, from six to seven inches in length, one-half inch broad and three-eighths of an inch thick; the color is a rich lemon-yellow. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts.; pint 35 cts., postpaid.

☉ No. 50—Burpee's Saddleback Wax (1890). The plants are of strong bush growth, fifteen inches in height, extra productive. The pods are long, nearly straight, well rounded, and so meaty as to be *saddle-backed* or creased in the center. The flesh between the beans is *solid meat without any open spaces*, brittle, always stringless, of a rich golden yellow and finest flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; pint 35 cts., postpaid.

☉ No. 55—Burpee's Stringless White Wax (1905). *The first hardy White-seeded Wax Bean of really choice quality!* The beans, being pure white, present the most attractive appearance when cooked. *The pods remain tender longer than those of any other variety*, and the plants continue in bearing for a long period. The pods are straight, of a bright lemon-yellow, brittle, meaty, and can be used as a string-bean until large enough to shell, while the seed, being large and *pure white*, is most desirable as shell beans. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts.; pint 35 cts., postpaid.



Burpee's
Stringless
Green-
Pod



Burpee's
Kidney
Wax

WB

WB

◎ No. 98—**Burpee's Giant-Podded Pole Lima** (1910). The largest podded and heaviest cropper of all Lima Beans. The pods frequently measure from seven to eight and one-half inches in length by from one and a half to nearly two inches in width. The beans are extra large and thicker than any other Pole Lima, excepting only those of the Potato-Lima type; they are invariably of *superb flavor*. The gigantic pods, borne in clusters of from four to eight, stand out well from the foliage. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 25 cts.; pint 45 cts., postpaid.

◎ No. 60—**Burpee's Bush Lima** (1890). *This comes absolutely true from seed.* The bushes grow eighteen to twenty inches high, of stout growth and always erect, yet branching so vigorously that each plant develops into a magnificent circular bush from two to three feet in diameter. It is an immense yielder. This is the original Dwarf Large Lima, as first introduced exclusively by us *twenty-five years ago!* Pkt. 10 cts.; pint 35 cts., postpaid.

◎ No. 63—**The "Burpee-Improved" Bush Lima** (1907). The pods are truly enormous in size,—borne abundantly, and well filled with handsome beans which are both larger and thicker than those of the popular Burpee's Bush Lima,—and fully eight days earlier! Full-grown bushes measure thirty inches in height and twenty-four inches across the top. The pods measure five to six inches long by one and one-quarter inches wide. Even when of full size the enormous beans are of the most luscious flavor; they are thin skinned and truly *delicious*. Pkt. (two ounces) 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 25 cts.; pint 40 cts., postpaid.

Burpee's
Fordhook

◎ No. 65—**Fordhook Bush Lima Bean** (1907). The only stiffly erect bush form of the popular "Potato" Lima! Bushes of stiffly erect habit, branching freely but with all the branches held upright. The pods are borne in "clusters" of from four to eight. The green beans, even when of full size, are tender, juicy and sweet in flavor when cooked, distinct from the rather dry and mealy character of other varieties. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 25 cts.; pint 40 cts., postpaid.

BEETS

◎ No. 121—**Burpee's Black-Red Ball** (1904). Remarkable for its uniform shape, deeply colored flesh and fine sweet flavor. Both skin and flesh are of an unusually deep rich red; this intensity of color is retained when cooked,—making the beets most attractive both for canning and pickling. Although very early, the larger roots retain their fine flavor and deep coloring. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50.

◎ No. 117—**Burpee's Columbia** (1892). A superb early main-crop Beet both for market and the home garden. The roots are of neat turnip shape, growing three to four inches in diameter, deep through, but tapering quickly in the lower portion; smooth and entirely free from small rootlets. Flesh deep blood-red, tender, and of rich flavor. *Supply limited.* Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., postpaid.

◎ No. 128—**Burpee's Improved Blood Turnip Beet** (1880). This is an improved strain of the old *Blood Turnip Beet*, having smooth, round roots of medium size with dark-red flesh, fine grain, very sweet, and retaining its deep coloring when cooked. Tops are small and of uniform growth, the leaf, stems, and veinings being a dark red. It grows very quickly, being one of the earliest, and is always of superior quality. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Burpee's
Black-Red
Ball

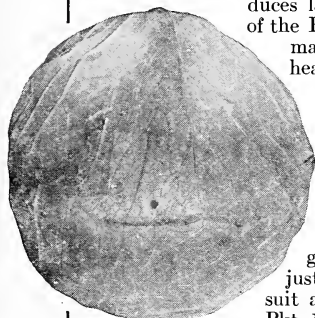
Brussels
Sprouts

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

◎ No. 162—**Burpee's Danish-Prize** (1907). The plants are of strong robust growth. The stalks are large, thick and close-jointed, so that the sprouts set thickly on the stalk. The sprouts develop for nearly the entire height of the stalk at about the same time, consequently a very large crop can be gathered. Even the sprouts formed at the base of the stalk are tightly folded; they are quite as fine and solid as those higher up. *Seed in short supply.* Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50, postpaid.

⊙ No. 195—**Burpee's Surehead Cabbage** (1877). This famous cabbage was first introduced thirty-seven years ago. It produces large round flattened heads of the Flat Dutch type, and is remarkable for its certainty to head. It is ALL HEAD and

always SURE TO HEAD. The heads are remarkably uniform, extremely hard, fine in texture, and ordinarily weigh from ten to fifteen pounds each. It is very sweet flavored, has but few loose leaves, keeps well, is good for shipping, and is just the variety and quality to suit all lovers of good cabbage. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$3.00, postpaid.



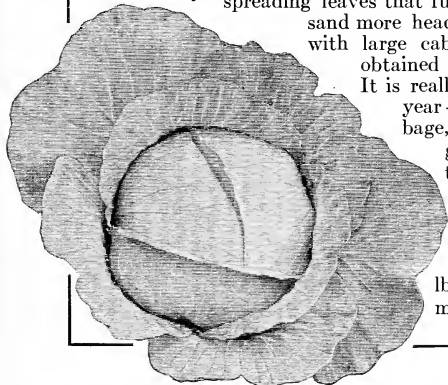
Burpee's Surehead

⊙ No. 179—**Burpee's Early Stonehead** (1901) is especially adapted for cool locations. It generally matures shortly after our famous *Allhead Early*. The plants are of low growth, with spreading saucer-like outer leaves, making a total diameter of two feet. The heads are deep through and smoothly rounded on the top as distinct from the flat type. The heads are exceptionally hard and solid, of great weight, and stand a long time before bursting. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$3.00, by mail, postpaid.

⊙ No. 177—**Burpee's Allhead-Early Cabbage** (1891). Allhead is the earliest of all large Cabbage, and considerably larger than any other early summer cabbage that is equally as early. The deep flat heads are remarkably solid and the most uniform in color, form, and size of any variety.

The hard heads grow so free from spreading leaves that fully one thousand more heads than usual with large cabbage can be obtained to the acre.

It is really an all-the-year-round Cabbage, being equally good for winter. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. for 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50, by mail, postpaid.

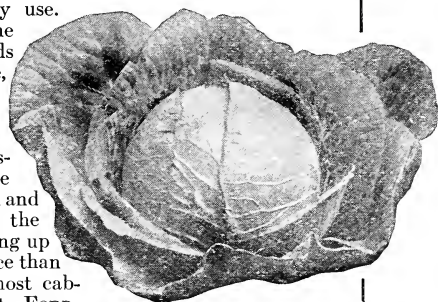


Burpee's Allhead-Early

⊙ No. 180—**Fordhook "Mainstay-Early" Cabbage** (1912). The small round heads are "solid as a rock" and weigh from three to six pounds—a nice size for family use.

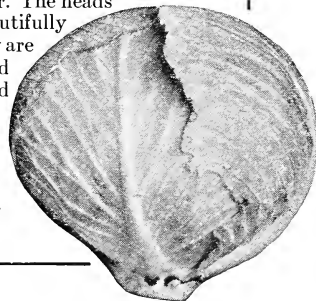
When cut the handsome heads are snowy white, while the quality is *particularly fine*. The rich glaucous-green outside leaves are small and closely enfold the head, thus taking up less garden space than is usual with most cabbages. In fact, FORDHOOK MAINSTAY-EARLY may be planted quite

close in the rows—fifteen inches apart giving ample space for the plants to develop. In addition to its unsurpassed flavor, there is no other cabbage which, after attaining full maturity, remains in condition so long without splitting. FORDHOOK MAINSTAY-EARLY has already become "first favorite" in thousands of home gardens. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40 cts.; oz. 75 cts., postpaid.



Fordhook Mainstay-Early

⊙ No. 205—**Burpee's Danish "Roundhead" Cabbage** (1902). A few days earlier, shorter stemmed type of the famous Danish "Ballhead." Of more robust growth, the heads are heavier and of equally fine quality. The original *Danish Ballhead Cabbage* (first introduced by us twenty-eight years ago) is esteemed for the extreme solidity and great weight of the heads as well as for its superior keeping qualities, but it can be grown most successfully only in a comparatively cool location. "Danish Roundhead" has less outer foliage and is better able to resist blight, being, in most sections, as vigorous in growth as the best American types. The heads average larger and mature a week or two earlier. The heads are unusually solid, and beautifully white when trimmed. They are splendid keepers when stored away for the late winter and spring, at which time the fine heads bring the highest market price. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50, by mail, postpaid.



Burpee's Danish Roundhead

WB

WB

◎ No. 203 — **Danish Ballhead Cabbage** (1887). Most popular Cabbage for winter. This famous Cabbage was first introduced by us from Denmark twenty-eight years ago and our Danish-grown seed is absolutely unequaled! It is highly esteemed for winter use by reason of the *great solidity and excellent keeping* qualities of the heads. *It is now more largely grown for winter market than any other cabbage in all America!*

It is an easy matter to grow this cabbage in cool locations, and we offer seed of the finest selected strain, which has been grown especially for us in Denmark. From repeated trials, as well as from the experience of many customers purchasing this seed, we are convinced that this strain surpasses in even growth and heading, as well as in uniform size

and solidity of heads, any other strain of the so-called "*Hollander Cabbage*." The magnificent heads are nearly round in form, *very hard* and solid; they keep in finest condition when buried through the winter, coming out solid in spring. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50, by mail, postpaid.

Danish
Ballhead

◎ No. 216 — **Burpee's New Danish "Round-Red"** (1907). This grand novelty is the third distinct variety of Cabbage that we have introduced from Denmark. It produces round or ball-shaped heads of great solidity and *intensely deep rich coloring*. The plant is of strong compact growth. The heads are perfectly

round, from six to eight inches in diameter. The leaves composing the heads are of an unusually deep purplish red; this rich coloring extends to the center of the head, showing only a small portion of white when cutting across the veins and tissue. The extra dark coloring, remarkable hardness and large size of heads make

it an excellent market type as well as most desirable for the housewife in slicing for slaw, salads, etc. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 55 cts.; 2 ozs. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75, by mail, postpaid.

Burpee's
Round-Red

CAULIFLOWER

◎ No. 244 — **Burpee's Best-Early Cauliflower** (1887). This grand strain was first introduced by us twenty-eight years ago. The plants are of strong growth, with erect pointed dark-green leaves growing closely about the head. It is remarkable both for the extreme earliness and certainty with which the plants produce fine heads. In good soil the heads measure eight to ten inches across; they are a pure snowy white, with very close compact curd of extra fine quality. Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$2.75; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$10.00, postpaid.

◎ No. 245 — **Burpee's "Dry-Weather" Cauliflower** (1899).

As compared with *Burpee's Best-Early*, this produces equally solid, pure white heads and only about a week later. The heads are considerably larger in size with more foliage, and hence not so suitable for forcing. It is especially adapted for growing in dry locations where other varieties fail to make good heads. Half-size pkt. 15 cts.; pkt. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85 cts.; oz. \$3.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$10.00, postpaid.

Burpee's Best-Early
Cauliflower

Celery.—Golden
Self-Blanching

CELERY

◎ No. 262 — **Celery, — Golden Self - Blanching** (1884). The best of all early "self - blanching" varieties. *First introduced in America by us in 1884.* It is ready for use early, blanches easily, and is large in size, as well as fine in quality. It is of dwarf compact habit, with thick, solid, heavily ribbed stalks which blanch easily to a clear waxen yellow. When grown in rich moist soil the stalks are numerous, each plant being fully as thick through as the largest of the tall late sorts. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75 cts.; oz. \$1.40; 2 ozs. \$2.50; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.50; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$8.75; lb. \$17.50.

WB

WB

○ No. 314—**Seymour's Sweet-Orange** (1907). A most desirable second-early or mid-season variety, growing vigorously from six to seven feet in height, and producing an average of two good ears to a stalk. The ears are ready for use five days to a week later than those of the *Golden Bantam* and are from six to seven inches in length, with twelve to fourteen rows of deep, rather slender grains of a light canary-yellow. Of strong growth, the larger ears are well filled and the grains are exceptionally sweet and full of milk. The grains remain soft and tender for a longer period than those of any other second-early sweet corn. Reports from cool northern localities praise the hardiness of growth and early season of maturity, while those from the South speak of the protection afforded from worms and smut by the strong heavy husk. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts.; pint 30 cts., by mail, postpaid.

○ No. 310—**Burpee's Early "Howling-Mob"** (1906) is ready for use within three to five days after the extra early *Cory* when both are planted at the same time. In developing this corn the originator aimed to secure a large ear early in the season and at the same time possessing the sweet flavor of the later varieties. The stalks are of strong vigorous growth, four and one-half to five feet in height, have abundant foliage and generally produce two fine ears to a stalk. The ears measure seven to nine inches in length with twelve or fourteen rows of good-sized pearly-white grains. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts.; pint 30 cts., postpaid.

Seymour's
Sweet-Orange

○ No. 301—**Golden Bantam** (1902), see illustration in color on cover, first introduced by us thirteen years ago, has become so *immensely popular* that repeatedly the demand for seed has far exceeded the supply. The seed was first sent to us by our friend the late EDWARD L. COX, of New York, who wrote:—"You now own the very sweetest and richest corn ever known,

and I am very glad to help you to its ownership. I came across this distinct new early sweet corn two years ago, when visiting at a cousin's in Greenfield, Mass.,—it impressed me as *the sweetest and most tender corn I ever tasted*. It is a deep yellow in color and very early. It is entirely different from the old *Early Orange* and much earlier. Planted in Massachusetts on July 15th, it was in fine eating condition before frost. It can be planted thickly, and with me every stalk had from two to three perfect ears. By successive plantings it can be had for table use from about July 20th until frost. In your more favorable locality it can be had both earlier and later than in this northern climate." *Many Market Gardeners report that they find Golden Bantam their most profitable variety throughout the season*. Price of our choice selected Eastern-grown seed: Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 20 cts.; pint 30 cts., postpaid.

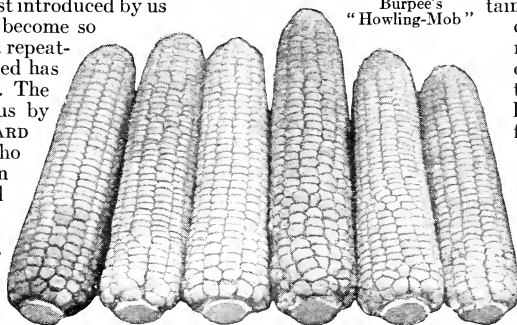
○ No. 333—**Burpee's White Evergreen** (1903). White Evergreen has ears fully as large as those of the regular *Stowell's* and is about five days earlier, while the grains remain tender considerably longer. Its most valuable feature is the extreme *paper whiteness* of the grains, which makes not only a more attractive ear when served on the table, but is most important for the canner. White Evergreen makes strong vigorous stalks seven feet in height. The

ears contain sixteen

Burpee's
"Howling-Mob"

Burpee's White
Evergreen

or more rows of deep grains, which are protected by a thick heavy husk. Two and even three fine ears are frequently produced on each stalk. Pkt. (two ounces) 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 15 cts.; pint 25 cts., postpaid.





◎ No. 305—**Early Fordhook** (1894). This is one of the largest eared extra earlies,—the ears averaging six to seven inches in length. It is two to three days earlier than *Cory*, of better flavor, and has both grains and cob of pure white coloring. The ears are eight-rowed, with quite small cob and deep grains. The habit of growth is similar to *Cory*. Pkt. 10 cts.; pint 25 cts., postpaid.

◎ No. 302 — **Burpee's Earliest Catawba** (1909). Resembles our famous *Golden Bantam* in dwarf growth and extreme earliness, but differs in coloring and flavor. Grown singly in long rows the plants sucker freely and then frequently bear as many as four and five good ears from a single seed! It produces uniformly handsome ears from six to seven inches long, rather slender, and just the right size to eat from the cob, which is well filled to the tip with eight rows of broad grains. When ready for use the grains are pearly white, slightly flushed with rose-pink, but in the dry seed the color is the exact counterpart of a fine Catawba grape,—a dark rich purple shaded with rose. The small cob is white. Some growers pronounce it even more tender and more deliciously sweet than the popular favorite *Golden Bantam*! Pkt. 15 cts.; ½ pint 20 cts.; pint 30 cts., postpaid.

CUCUMBER

Early Fordhook

◎ No. 393—**Burpee's "Fordhook Famous"** (1902). The largest,—most fleshy and finest in flavor of the White Spine Type! The vines are of strong vigorous growth with healthy foliage and set the extra long fruits freely throughout the season. Burpee's Earliest Catawba The cucumbers are uni-

formly smooth and regular in form, averaging twelve to fourteen inches in length; the skin is thin and tender, bright green in color, and never turns yellow even in fully matured fruits. The flesh is very thick (the fruits being from two to three inches in diameter with very few seeds), crisp and *exceptionally mild in flavor*. Under high cultivation the cucumbers have attained a length of eighteen inches, and a weight of over six pounds. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; ¼ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

◎ No. 383—**Burpee's Fordhook White Spine** (1893). The fruits are nearly cylindrical in form, slightly pointed at the ends, perfectly smooth, of deep rich coloring, marked with distinct white lines at the blossom end. Vines are vigorous in growth and enormously productive. *Fruits retain their dark-green coloring and crisp freshness longer after picking than any other variety,—excepting only the new "Fordhook Famous."* Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

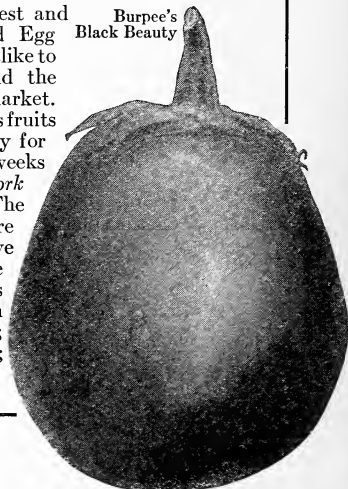
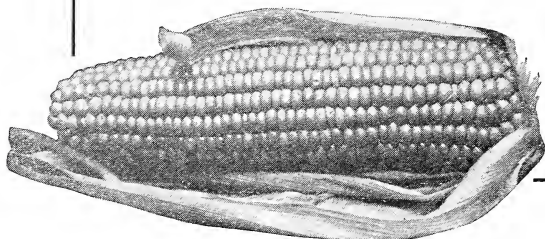
◎ No. 395—**Burpee's Fordhook Pickling** (1897). This is one of the best and most prolific for producing pickles of medium size, both for home use and market. The vines are extremely vigorous and healthy, yielding a large number of fruits if kept gathered at the proper stage. Skin *extremely thin*, tender, and free from toughness when pickled. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; ¼ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Fordhook Famous

EGG PLANT

◎ No. 420—**Burpee's "Black Beauty"** (1902). Earliest and best of all large-fruited Egg Plants! It is valuable alike to the private planter and the extensive grower for market. **BLACK BEAUTY** produces fruits *fully as large* and ready for use ten days to two weeks earlier than the *New York Improved Purple*. The grand large fruits are thick,—of most attractive form, as shown in the illustration. The skin is a rich lustrous purplish black. Pkt. 10 cts.; ½ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; ¼ lb. \$1.35, postpaid.

Burpee's Black Beauty



THE BURPEE LETTUCES.

WB

◎ No. 476—Earliest “Wayahead” (1907). Both in cold-frames early in the spring and in the open ground,—in spring, summer and early fall months,—it has proved to be the *very earliest and surest*

heading of all early lettuces.

The outer leaves are a light green, while all the inner leaves of the head are nicely blanched to a rich buttery-yellow tint. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$4.00, postpaid.

Burpee's
Wayahead

◎ No. 508—California Cream Butter Lettuce (1888)

forms round, solid heads, which outside are of a medium green slightly marked with small brown spots; within, the leaves are of a very rich cream-yellow color—most refreshing in appearance and particularly rich and buttery to the taste. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

◎ No. 496—Burpee's Tomhannock (1886) forms a beautiful plant, ten to twelve inches high by nine to ten inches across; the upper part of the outer leaves turning outward gracefully. The

Burpee's
Dwarf White
Heart Cos

edges are of a glossy reddish bronze; within, the leaves are almost white, and wonderfully crisp and tender. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

◎ No. 537—Dwarf White Heart Cos or “Celery” Lettuce (1895). The growth is erect, about ten inches in height, the outer leaves being well folded toward the center. Interior leaves are blanched to a snowy white; crisp and mild; esteemed for their fresh crispness and flavor during summer and in warm climates. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 30

cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85 cts.; lb. \$3.00.

◎ No. 528—Burpee's “Brittle-Ice” (1903).

This makes large heads of pleasing appearance and retains its crispness and mild flavor to a greater degree during the hot summer months than any other crisp-head variety. The plants attain a diameter of twelve inches with good cultivation. The leaves are of a soft bright green, growing closely around the head. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50, postpaid.

◎ No. 494—The “Morse” Lettuce (1896). Market gardeners will understand its character when we say that it is a *White-Seeded Black-Seeded Simpson*, contradictory

as this may sound to the amateur.

While, properly speaking, it is not a hard-heading Cabbage Lettuce, each plant makes a very large bunch of leaves, which are so compact as to cause the inner leaves to blanch. The outer leaves are of a clear light green, while within they are of a beautiful yellow, or straw color. It is crisp, tender, and refreshing to the taste,—but not “*buttery*” as are *The Deacon* and *California Cream Butter*. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

◎ No. 530—Burpee's Iceberg (1894). The unusual solidity of the heads is insured by the large white

main ribs of the leaves, each of which, curving strongly into the center, acts like a truss, making it impossible for the leaves to open outward and expose the center, which is consequently thoroughly blanched. It matters not whether grown to head in spring or summer, the leaves are always crisp and tender.

Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00.

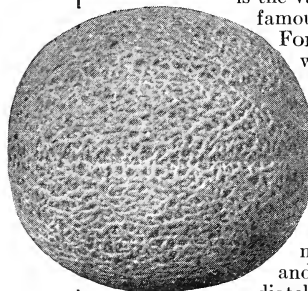
Burpee's Iceberg

Burpee's
Brittle-Ice

WB

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⊙ No. 544—**Burpee's Netted Gem**, or "**Rocky Ford**" (1881). First named and introduced by us thirty-four years ago, this is the variety that has made Colorado famous for its luscious "**Rocky Ford**" Melons. "**Rocky Ford**"



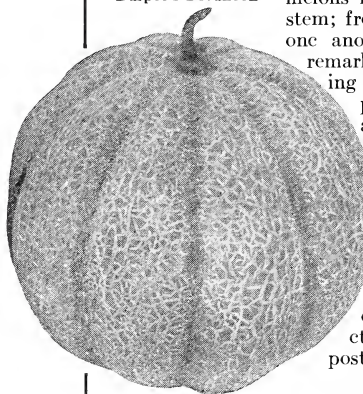
Burpee's
Netted Gem
or Rocky Ford

when ripe has a silver-colored netting which is lace-like in appearance. The skin is green, turning to a peculiar gray color when the melon is fit for shipping. The flesh is green in color and *so sweet and luscious that it may be eaten close to the rind*. The melon has a small seed cavity and the portion of the flesh immediately surrounding it is slightly tinged with yellow. The melon weighs about one and a half pounds and is very solid and firm. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

⊙ No. 575—**Burpee's Emerald Gem** (1886). Introduced twenty-nine years ago, this has long been acknowledged the most delicious in flavor. Vines of strong vigorous growth and very prolific. The melons are of the same size as our *Netted Gem*, but slightly flattened at the stem and blossom ends. The skin is a rich, deep emerald-green, with narrow bands of lighter green between the ribs. Flesh very thick and of a rich salmon color. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, by mail, postpaid.

⊙ No. 574—**Burpee's "Fordhook"** (1908) is most vigorous in growth, extra early and very prolific.

Burpee's Fordhook

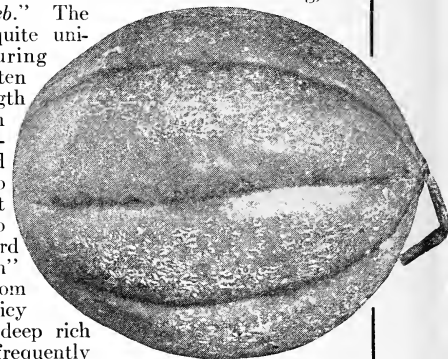


Each vine sets from five to nine melons immediately around the stem; frequently the fruits touch one another. The melons are remarkably even in size, weighing from 1 lb. 8 ozs. to two pounds each. They are always of the handsome form and attractive appearance as illustrated. **BURPEE'S "FORDHOOK"** is so "*thoroughbred*" that it produces practically no melons unfit for market. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; 2 ozs. 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, by mail, postpaid.

⊙ No. 566—**Burpee's Champion Market** (1887). A splendid variety of the *Netted Gem* type, producing fruits *nearly three times as large* as the original Gem or "**Rocky Ford**," averaging eight inches in diameter, with heavy well-netted ribs, thick light-green flesh, with very thin rind and true *Netted Gem* flavor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

⊙ No. 568—**Burpee's Bay View** (1877). Oblong fruits, twelve to fifteen inches in length. Fruits have broad heavy ribs, well netted, with light-green flesh of good flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

⊙ No. 578—**Burpee's "Spicy"** (1910) is most distinct both in appearance and flavor. The rind is of cream color changing to a grayish yellow as the melons mature, when the skin becomes also slightly blotched with a delicate white netting,—"*like a cobweb*." The melons run quite uniform, measuring from eight to ten inches in length by six to seven inches in diameter. The seed cavity is so small that there is no tendency toward "cracking open" at the blossom end. The juicy flesh is of a deep rich salmon color, frequently measuring two inches thick, entirely stringless and *exceptionally luscious in flavor*,—most tender and practically melting in the mouth. The delicious flavor extends to the very rind. Of vigorous growth, the foliage is of such a firm texture that the vines resist the attack of insects and blight. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 2 ozs. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75 cts.; lb. \$2.50, postpaid.



Burpee's Spicy

⊙ No. 546—**Burpee's Matchless** (1901). This might be described as a larger fruited oval or oblong melon of the *Netted Gem* type. The melons are regular in size and form, averaging about six inches in length by five inches in depth at the center. The skin is light golden and heavily netted. The meat is very thick, light green in color, melting in character, but firm enough for long distance shipments. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

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⊙ No. 596—**Burpee's Cuban Queen** (1881). This magnificent variety was first offered by us in 1881. The melons are of large size, oblong in form, slightly tapering at the stem end. Skin beautifully striped in dark and light green. Flesh bright red, firm, and of luscious quality. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid.

⊙ No. 593—**Baby-Delight** (1913). This is the smallest "individual" watermelon. It is a little gem of luscious sweetness and diminutive size. The ripe melons weigh only from three to six pounds each. The melon illustrated herewith measured six and a half inches from stem to blossom end by seven and one-quarter inches across; its weight was five pounds and fourteen ounces. The skin is lustrous dark green, the rind thin but strong. The rich carmine crystalline flesh is always solid, of exceptionally sweet flavor. They have small apple-like gray seeds, which separate easily from the solid flesh. The first melons mature early, but the strong vines continue to produce the attractive little melons in great abundance throughout the season. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 55 cts.; 2 ozs. for \$1.00.

⊙ No. 609—"Kleckley Sweets" (1897). This famous "Sweetest of All" Watermelons was first introduced by us eighteen years ago. While the skin is too tender to admit of fruits being shipped any distance to market, it is most desirable to plant for home use or nearby markets. Fruits are oblong in form, dark-green skin; very thin rind. Flesh bright scarlet, with broad solid heart; the white seeds are placed close to the rind. Flesh most crisp, sugary, and melting in the highest degree. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. 90 cts., postpaid.

⊙ No. 601—"Sugar-Stick" (1905). A large light-green or grayish melon of oblong form, combining handsome appearance with finest flavor and excellent shipping qualities. The vines are of strong vigorous growth, setting large melons in good numbers, measuring from twenty inches to two feet in length, with an average weight of thirty pounds. The rind is thin and tough, and the skin a light grayish green with narrow darker green

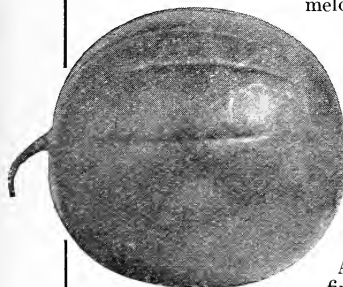
lines, giving a mottled effect of small half-inch squares. The flesh is a deep rich red, with broad solid heart, crisp and sugary. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

⊙ No. 588—**Burpee's Fordhook Early** (1890).

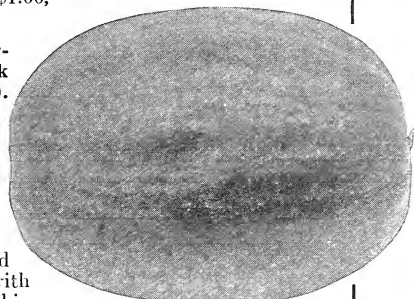
This is still *without a rival* as the earliest large-fruited melon in cultivation. The fruits are of good size, rather short and blocky in form, with large diameter. Skin dark green, occasionally with faint stripes of lighter green. Rind quite thin, but skin tough, making an excellent shipping variety. Flesh bright red, crisp, sweet, and of splendid quality,—really one of the *finest flavored melons* in cultivation to-day. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

⊙ No. 611—**Burpee's "Halbert Honey"** (1902). This famous melon was introduced by us thirteen years ago. The vines are of strong vigorous growth and set fruits very freely,—four or five large melons are frequently seen clustered closely together. *Will ripen choice fruits even in the Northern States* if planted in a good location. The melons average eighteen to twenty inches long and are full or bluntly rounded at both ends. The skin is a dark glossy green. The flesh is a beautiful crimson, the rich coloring and luscious quality extending to the thin rind. A number of planters who sell melons in nearby markets report that the new HALBERT HONEY will outsell any other variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

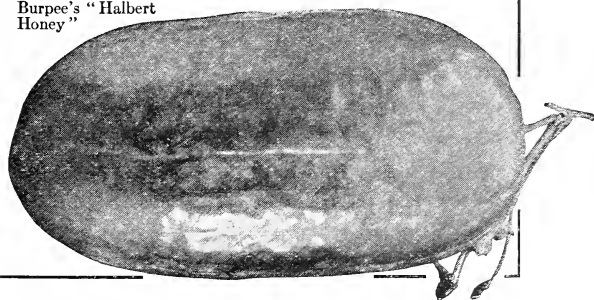
Burpee's "Halbert Honey"



Burpee's Baby-Delight



Burpee's Fordhook Early



◎ No. 647—"Fordhook Fancy" (1901). The plants, of vigorous growth, have beautiful dark-green leaves which curve outwardly like a fine ostrich plume.

It is most productive from early spring sowings, and also most stubborn in running to seed. By making several sowings a few weeks apart, a continuous growth of fresh tender leaves

may be had throughout the season. Even those who do not care for

Burpee's Fordhook Fancy will be delighted with the leaves of "FORDHOOK FANCY," cooked like spinach, any time during the summer. It is even superior to the best spinach in flavor. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid.

Kleckley's Favorite

OKRA

◎ No. 666—Kleckley's Favorite (1904). The plants grow two and a half to three feet in height, close-jointed with ample foliage, and bear smooth white pods at each leaf-joint. The pods average six inches in length by one and a quarter inches in diameter at the bottom, carrying the thickness well throughout the length. The young pods are exceptionally tender and fleshy. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid.

ONION

◎ No. 693—Australian Brown (1897). The bulbs somewhat resemble the Danvers in size and form, but are thicker through, thus yielding a larger crop both in bulk and weight, and mature earlier. The skin is generally of a bright reddish brown, while the flesh is always white, crisp, extremely solid, and of sweet mild

flavor. Bulbs have been kept in fine condition for a year after they were harvested. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

◎ No. 711—Burpee's Gigantic Gibraltar Onion (1895). While the ripened bulbs are similar to those of the Prize-Taker in size and form, it is even better adapted to growing in warm locations. The plants continue in growth longer under such conditions, and consequently produce larger bulbs. The leaves or blades are distinct in appearance from those of other varieties, being of a deep green, with a glossy surface, enabling it to withstand dry weather and the attacks of insect enemies. Unfortunately our 1914 crop of Burpee's Gigantic Gibraltar is a total failure. In place of this variety we offer No. 681—American-Grown Prize-Taker, which is the nearest approach in color, size and quality to Burpee's Gigantic Gibraltar. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

◎ No. 707—Burpee's Mammoth Silver King Onion (1884). This splendid large white Onion was first introduced by us in 1884, and quickly became a leading popular sort to grow for market in many localities. The large bulbs are of attractive form, flattened but quite thick through. Under good cultivation the average diameter is from five to seven inches, single bulbs often attaining a weight of from two to three pounds each. The thin skin is a clear silvery white, flesh snow-white, sweet and tender. They grow quickly, mature quite early and sell well in autumn and early winter. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts.; lb. \$2.00, postpaid.

Burpee's
Mammoth
Silver King

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© No. 814—**Edible-Podded Pea, —Giant "Sugar-Sword"** (1912). Enormously productive and exceptionally delicious. A novelty of unusual importance, "SUGAR-SWORD" has delighted all lovers of the popular edible-podded peas, who were so fortunate as to get some of the seed last year. The vines are most vigorous in growth, attaining a height of six to seven feet, branching freely; when given sufficient support, they present a striking sight covered with the violet flowers and thick fleshy pods in varying stages of development. The sword-shaped pods are truly *gigantic in size*, measuring six to seven inches in length by one to one and a half inches in breadth. The pods are extremely crisp and "full,"—as if blown up with wind. They are *surprisingly delicious* in flavor. Used either as a salad or broken and boiled like string-beans and served with butter sauce, they make "a dish fit for a king!" Sugar-Sword is a veritable "*fill-basket*,"—and planted thinly one or two packets of the seed should be sufficient to furnish supply for a small family. Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ pint 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 25 cts.; pint 45 cts., by mail, postpaid.

© No. 754—**Pea, —Burpee's "Blue-Bantam"** (1912), see illustration in color on cover, first introduced by us three years ago, is unequalled for combination of extreme earliness, superb quality, and unusual productiveness. The dwarf vigorous vines average fifteen inches in height and carry really enormous crops of large, deep bluish-green pods. The handsome pointed pods, generally borne singly, measure four to four and one-half inches long and are tightly packed with eight to ten extra large, deep bluish-green peas. These peas are not only large in size but of *most luscious flavor*. The pods are ready to pick as early as *American Wonder*, while double the size,—in fact, they average fully as large as *Gradus*! "BLUE-BANTAM" will surely become as popular among first-early peas as is our famous

Golden Bantam amongst early Sweet Corns. If sown thinly,—say four inches between the seeds in the row,—the produce will astound even experienced gardeners. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint 30 cts.; pint 50 cts., postpaid.

MR. W. T. SMITH, R. D. 1, Box 39, Marietta, Ohio, January 15, 1914, writes:—The Peas did nicely; I have more than a peck of the Blue Bantam and I think they are the best Pea I ever saw. I only let the folks pick one mess. The vines are very short, but they are so productive and the pods are so large, it is a pleasure to pick them. From the packet of *Mighty Atom* I have a pint of nice large Peas; I can't tell yet whether they will be any improvement on the Blue Bantam or not, think it doubtful.

© No. 765—**Burpee's Profusion** (1891). Of vigorous growth, the haulm attaining three feet in height, and of a very branching character—the laterals starting from the root. The haulm is very stout, the main stem usually branching at the first three to five nodes above the ground. The pods are produced generally in pairs, from fifty to ninety pods to the plant. The large-sized pods are represented by the engraving herewith; they are well packed with *large, luscious peas of very sweet and splendid quality*. The peas are of very large size, often one-half inch in diameter when green, and are packed closely together in the pods, five to nine in a pod. The plants are continuous bearers, extending over a period of several weeks. Planted May 2d, the peas were ready for the table July 9th. Its immense productiveness, stout, healthy growth, and fine quality must make it a leading variety for main crop. Package 10 cts.; pint 40 cts., postpaid.

S. L. INGALLS, Murray, Idaho, writes:—I want to tell you of the wonderful success I have had with BURPEE'S PROFUSION PEA. On the 19th day of October we ate from the third crop of Peas raised this year from the same vines planted this spring in May. The vines at this writing are loaded with immature peas and blossoms; we think it is *wonderful*.

Page
ELEVEN

Burpee's
Giant
Sugar-Sword

Burpee's Profusion

THE BURPEE PEPPERS AND RADISHES.

WB

WB

◎ No. 819—Burpee's "Chinese Giant" Pepper (1900) is very productive for so large a pepper, while the enormous size and magnificent appearance of the fruits make them sell most readily.

The plants are vigorous in growth, but of stocky habit, seldom more than two feet in height.

Frequently half a dozen peppers will touch each other, as if on a single bunch. The strong growth of the plants enables them to mature the gigantic

fruits only slightly later than our well-known *Ruby King*. Produces uniformly monstrous peppers of thick blocky form and most brilliant glossy scarlet. They grow four to five inches broad at the top, and are of equal length, divided into four or more large ridges; when ripe they are indented at the blossom end. The first fruits set in a cluster of three to five at base of the plant, and are generally longer than those setting later on the upper branches, although the latter are equally as broad. The flesh is extremely mild,—as sweet as an apple,—and unusually thick. It makes an excellent salad sliced and served like tomatoes. Pkt. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.60; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$3.00; lb. \$6.00, postpaid.

◎ No. 821—Burpee's Ruby King (1884). Introduced by us thirty-one years ago, this is the most popular large red pepper. Plants grow two feet high and bear a fine crop of handsome, extra large, scarlet fruits. The flesh is quite thick, sweet, and so

mild that the peppers may be eaten from the hand like an apple. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$4.00, postpaid.

RADISH

◎ No. 879—Burpee's Hailstone (1902). The quickest growing white Radish on record,—ready for the table in from fifteen to eighteen days. The radishes are regularly "turnip-shaped." They measure one inch in diameter and about half an inch in depth; *snowy white* with a short slender taproot. The flesh is solid, crisp, and mild in flavor. The foliage is *extremely small*, not more than two inches in length. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30 cts.; lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

◎ No. 878—Burpee's "Rapid-Red" (1906). The *quickest growing "Red Button" Radish!* Some planters report that they grew these radishes large enough to eat in the almost incredibly short time of *twelve days*. The average was from seventeen to twenty days from the time that the seed was sown until the radishes were ready for market. The radishes are perfectly round; three-quarters of an inch to one inch in diameter, with thin bright-red skin, firm white flesh. Leaves short and small. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., postpaid.

◎ No. 905—Burpee's Earliest White (1896). The beautiful little white olive-shaped radishes are ready for the table in only sixteen to twenty days from sowing the seed. *Supply limited*. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts., postpaid.

Page
TWELVE

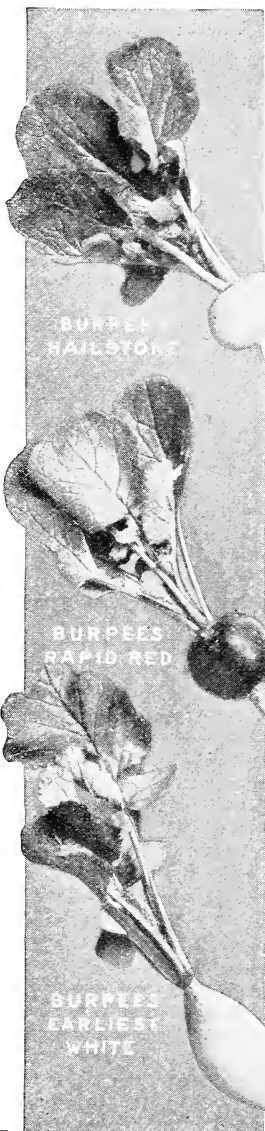
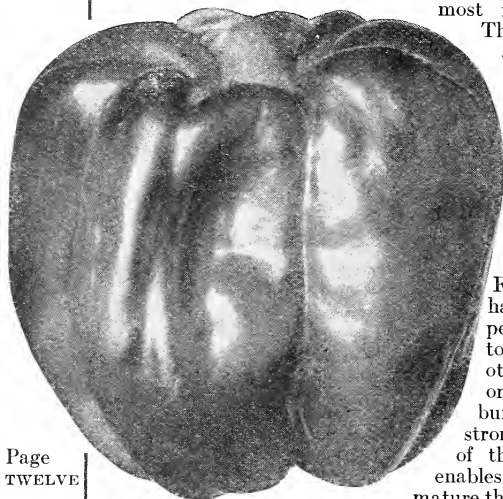
Burpee's
Chinese Giant

Burpee's Ruby King

BURPEE
HAILSTONE

BURPEE'S
RAPID-RED

BURPEE'S
EARLIEST
WHITE



THE BURPEE RUTA BAGA, SQUASH. TOMATO.

WB

WB

○ No. 1194—**Golden Neckless Ruta Baga (1903)**. Repeated trials at Fordhook warrant the opinion that this is *the best strain of yellow-fleshed ruta бага in cultivation*. The roots attain a large size, are almost globular, being slightly oblong; the flesh is yellow, solid, and of finest quality. It bulbs uniformly without any objectionable neck, so that when harvesting for winter the roots are not so liable to bleed and therefore keep much better right into spring. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25 cts.; lb. 75 cts., postpaid.

○ No. 1189—**Burpee's Breadstone Ruta Baga (1889)**. The name aptly describes the rich nutritious quality of flesh and its firm character. Bulbs are of medium size, quick growth, white skin faintly tinged with green in upper portion growing above the soil. The flesh is pure white, fine grained, and cooks in only fifteen minutes, being remarkably tender, sweet, and free from strong odor. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 15 cts.;

Ruta Baga,—
Burpee's
Golden Neckless

$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25.

SQUASH

○ No. 1032—**Burpee's Fordhook Squash (1890)**. This is a most desirable running variety for both summer and winter use. The vines are of strong vigorous growth and wonderfully productive. Fruits oblong in form, eight to ten inches in length, slightly ridged, smooth thin yellowish skin; flesh very thick and of a light straw-yellow. If gathered young for cooking, *no other Squash—except the Bush Fordhook—approaches it in flavor*, while if allowed to ripen on the vine they can be stored and will keep in excellent condition until late the following June. Either for baking like sweet potatoes or making pies during the winter the *quality is unsurpassed*. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40 cts.; lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

TOMATO

○ No. 1095—**Burpee's "Dwarf-Giant" Tomato (1909)**. Burpee's "Dwarf-Giant" is much the largest fruited of all dwarf Tomatoes! The fruits are *truly gigantic in size*, and are uniformly large throughout the season. They are produced in clus-

ters of four to six and weigh from ten to twenty ounces each. The color is a rich purple-crimson and the depth of color is maintained throughout the entire fruit. It is the most meaty of all Tomatoes!

The flesh is so firm and the tomatoes so heavy that they might be described, with but slight exaggeration, "*solid as a rock!*" The firm fine-grained flesh extends to the very center, with no trace whatever of a core, and is unequaled in delicious flavor. While of the true dwarf type, the plants are very strong and vigorous. The cut-leaf foliage is dark green and heavy,—almost like leather in texture. The fruits are so nearly "seedless" that seed of a selected strain will always be costly. Our seed has been produced upon our own farms in Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Pkt. 10 cts.; one-fourth ounce (about 2700 seeds) 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35 cts.; oz. 65 cts.; 2 ozs. for \$1.10; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$3.75; lb. \$7.50, postpaid.

○ No. 1101—**Chalk's Early Jewel (1903)**. See illustration in natural color on cover. The largest, smoothest, and finest flavored extra-early bright red Tomato! The plants are of strong robust growth. The bright scarlet fruits are smoothly round, very deep, and solidly meaty, with only a few quite small seed-cells and of remarkably *fine sweet flavor*. For general garden planting, or where an extra fine fruit is desired for early market, we consider **CHALK'S JEWEL** to be the most desirable Squash,—Fordhook variety in cultivation. *Seed of our own growing at FORDHOOK*

FARMS. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 40 cts.; 2 ozs. for 70 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$4.00.

THE BURPEE TOMATOES.

WB

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© No. 1138—**Golden Dwarf Champion** (1896). In dwarf compact habit of growth, and crumpled foliage the plant is an exact counterpart of the favorite **DWARF CHAMPION**, but the large handsome fruits are of a beautiful *lemon-yellow* color. Never before have we had a yellow Tomato that was so large, solid, and fine flavored. Being free from any acidity, they are very desirable for slicing and most showy when served with slices of a good red tomato. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50, postpaid.

© No. 1108—**Burpee's Matchless Tomato** (1889). For twenty-five years the best large-fruited main-crop tomato. Burpee's Matchless is a strong vigorous grower with thrifty vines which produce large handsome tomatoes most abundantly throughout the season. The fruits, of a rich cardinal-red, are *remarkably solid* and smooth, free from core and uniformly of the finest flavor. The tomatoes are *always of the largest size*; they do not become smaller even late in the season, as the healthy growth of vine and foliage carry magnificent crops until killed by frost. For tomatoes of the largest size, always perfectly smooth, firm and handsome, long keeping qualities and finest flavor, we are sure that *there is no other scarlet-fruited tomato that can equal our stock of BURPEE'S MATCHLESS*. Burpee's Matchless has been for years the favorite main-crop tomato in many sections, and that it has proved worthy is vouched for by the fact that our sales of seed (especially *Fordhook-Grown*) have shown an increase each season. *Fordhook-Grown*

Burpee's Matchless

Seed of Matchless:

Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

25 cts.; oz. 40 cts.;

$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{2}$

lb. \$2.00; lb.

\$4.00, post-

paid.

© No. 1097

—**Burpee's**

Sunnybrook

Earliana

(1907). "Ear-

liest of All"

Red Tomatoes.

Sunnybrook

Special produces a

closer jointed and

more compact vine,

set quite as freely with

fine smooth tomatoes

which are usually ready to market five days earlier than any other strain! The entire crop can be gathered generally in about three weeks from the time the first fruit ripens.

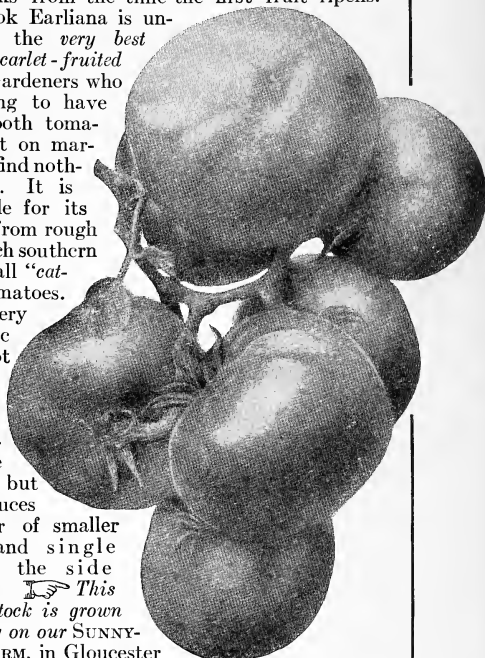
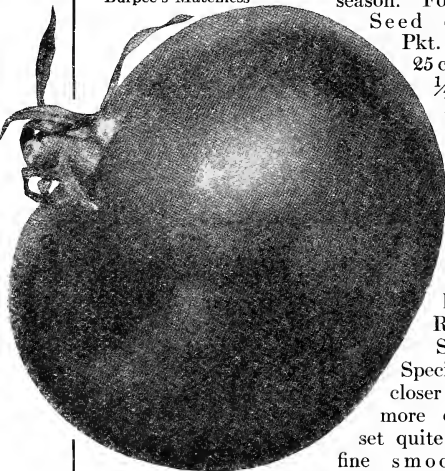
Sunnybrook Earliana is undoubtedly the *very best earliest scarlet-fruited tomato*. Gardeners who are seeking to have good smooth tomatoes "first on market" can find nothing equal. It is remarkable for its freedom from rough fruits which southern growers call "*cat-faced*" tomatoes.

It is a very prolific strain. Not only does the plant bear a large cluster as the crown set, but also produces a number of smaller clusters and single fruits on the side branches. *This Special Stock is grown exclusively on our SUNNYBROOK FARM, in Gloucester County, New Jersey, and is sold only in sealed packages under our Registered Trade Mark.* Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30 cts.; oz. 50 cts.; 2 ozs. 85 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00, postpaid.

Sunnybrook Earliana

© No. 1112—**Burpee's "Trucker's Favorite" Tomato** (1893). Most regular in form and size, thick-meated and very solid, this is one of the largest smooth tomatoes grown. Of a beautiful purplish-red color, well ripened, throughout. The vines are of strong growth, not subject to rust or blight, and bear enormous crops until killed by frost. The fruits continue of large size to the very last and are unexcelled for slicing or cooking. It is a main-crop variety, maturing the same season as *The Matchless* and equally as productive. *This carefully selected strain cannot be too highly recommended.* Pkt. 10 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20 cts.; oz. 35 cts.; 2 ozs. 60 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50, postpaid.

ge
URTEEN



Burpee's Gem Collection of Annuals

"Encourage the Beautiful for the Useful encourages itself."—GOETHE.

Eight Packets Beautiful Flowers for 25 Cts.

For 25 Cts. we will mail one regular ten cent packet each of the following eight elegant Annuals,—the seed of which has been grown entirely by ourselves on our own farms in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and California. This assortment can be ordered as Burpee's Gem Collection for 25 cts.

No. 1759—**Balsam, Burpee's Defiance Mixed.** The most charming Camellia-flowered varieties of all colors.

No. 1876—**Centaurea Imperialis.** Gracefully beautiful flowers in various shades of lilac, rose-pink and pure white, borne on long stems excellent for cutting.

No. 1928—**Burbank's Rainbow Corn.** The leaves are superbly striped with broad bands of crimson, yellow, white, rose and bronze.

No. 2038—**Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca.** The extremely showy African Golden-Orange Daisy.

No. 2562—**Petunia, Fordhook Bedding.** A special mixture of all the best small-flowering varieties, as grown at Fordhook.

No. 2581—**Fordhook Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora.** A superb strain, notable both for rich brilliancy of colors, perfection and size of flowers.

No. 2616—**Poppy, Burbank's Improved Shirley.** Of large size, clear brilliancy and beauty of colors.

No. 2765—**Sunflower, Double Chrysanthemum-Flowered.** As grown by us at Fordhook and Sunnybrook this is the most beautiful of all Sunflowers; perfectly double and of a bright golden yellow.

Burpee's 1915 Collection of Nasturtiums

For 25 Cts.

we will mail one full-size packet each of **DAVID BURPEE**, an entirely new type having very peculiar emerald-green leaves,—**DWARF LILLIPUT**, representing all colors,—**QUEENS OF TOMTHUMB**, the beautiful variegated foliage varieties of many colors,—**FORDHOOK FAVORITE TALL MIXED**,—**TALL LOBB'S MIXED** and the new **Tall Variegated Queen** Mixture of Burpee's New Royal Race of Tall or Trailing Nasturtiums that has become so popular.



Fordhook Favorite Nasturtiums

Page
FIFTEEN

Five of the Finest Fordhook Vegetables

For 25 Cts. we will mail one packet each of the following famous Fordhook Vegetables which are each unequaled in their class.

No. 301—**Burpee's Golden Bantam Sweet Corn.** The earliest and best first early.

No. 476—**Burpee's Earliest Wayahead Lettuce.** The earliest butter-head variety.

No. 65—**Burpee's Fordhook Bush Lima.** This finest of all Lima Beans is shown natural size and in color on Page 6 of Burpee's Annual for 1915.

No. 879—**Burpee's Hailstone Radish.** Quickest growing of all White Radishes.

No. 1101—**Chalk's Early Jewel Tomato.** The earliest real first-class Tomato in the family garden.

We shall include (with our compliments to the ladies) a regular ten cent packet of our **FORDHOOK FAVORITE ASTERS**, embracing all the choicest double American varieties known to-day.

The "Spencer" Type of Sweet Peas

Choicest Re-selected Stocks,—of our own growing at Floradale,—the California "Home of Sweet Peas."

Sweet Peas have been a great specialty with us for many years and we are recognized throughout the world as "HEADQUARTERS for SPENCERS." We were first to grow the seed in America—the stock of the original charming *Countess Spencer* having been entrusted to us before introduction, even in England. Careful tests have proved that no better strains than those grown at our FLORADALE RANCH can be had anywhere, while there are but few that are so good.

Burpee's Six "Superb Spencers" for 25 cents

For 25 Cts. we will mail, postpaid to any address in the United States, one regular ten-cent packet (30 to 50 seeds) each of

No. 3440—**Burpee's Dainty Spencer.** The most beautiful picotee pink-edged on white.

No. 3488—**Burpee's King Edward Spencer.** Sun-proof gigantic flowers of a glossy, deep rich carmine-scarlet.

No. 3486—**Burpee's Irish Belle, or "Dream."** A superbly beautiful variety that shows quite a new shade in Sweet Peas,—a lovely rich lilac flushed with pink.

The above three were shown painted from nature on the cover of BURPEE'S ANNUAL for 1914.

No. 3518—**Mrs. Cuthbertson.** An exquisitely beautiful bicolor

of gigantic size; standard clear rose-pink; wings white, slightly flushed light rose.

No. 3524—**Mrs. Hugh Dickson.** One of the most chaste and charming of all; rich pinkish apricot on a cream ground.

Also a ten-cent packet (90 to 100 seeds) of

No. 3599—**The Burpee-Blend of Re-selected Superb "Spencer" Sweet Peas for 1915.** This is absolutely the finest mixture of "Surpassingly Superb Spencer" or "Orchid-flowered" Sweet Peas ever offered.

Burpee's Six "Standard Spencers" for 25 cents

For 25 Cts. we will mail, postpaid to any address in the United States, one regular ten-cent packet (30 to 50 seeds) each of

No. 3406—**America Spencer.** This "Yankee Spencer" is distinctly striped brilliant crimson-red on ivory-white ground.

No. 3428—**Burpee's Captivation Spencer.** Beautiful self-colored flowers of a rich rosy wine-red throughout.

No. 3442—**Burpee's Decorator.** The popular "Rose du Barri" Spencer; rich rose, overlaid with terra cotta, intensifying to deep bright orange at base of wings.

No. 3454—**Burpee's Ethel Roosevelt.** The ground color is a soft primrose overlaid with dainty flakes and splashes of blush-crimson.

No. 3480—**Helen Lewis.** Standard of an intense rich crimson-orange; wings orange-rose.

No. 3554—**Burpee's Queen Victoria Spencer.** Also called Paradise Ivory; lovely flowers of quite a deep primrose flushed with rose.

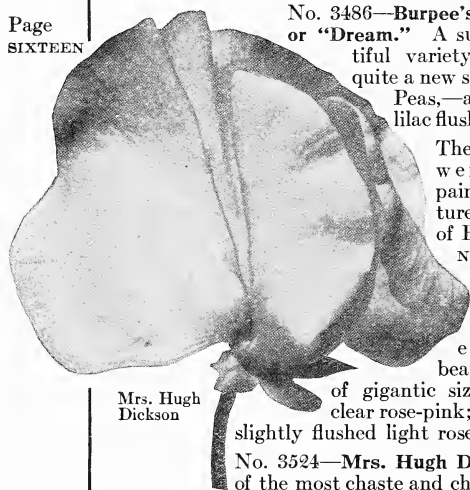
25 Cts. buys all the above in regular ten-cent packets containing 30 to 50 seeds each.

For 50 Cts. we will mail both collections advertised above and also a fifteen-cent packet of ILLUMINATOR, our unique novelty of last year which was pronounced "the most glorious sweet pea ever seen"; a rich glowing cerise-salmon, suffused with bright orange.

In each collection we enclose copy of our special Leaflet on Sweet Pea Culture.

Sweet Peas Up-to-Date—our popular book (usually sold for 10 cents)—will be given free only with an order for Sweet Peas amounting to \$2.00 or more.

Page
SIXTEEN



Mrs. Hugh
Dickson

Fees for Money Orders drawn on Domestic Form

Payable in the United States (which includes Guam, Hawaii, Porto Rico and Tutula, Samoa); or payable in Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, Canada, Canal Zone (Isthmus of Panama), Cuba, Mexico, New-hai (China), in the Philippine Islands, or the following islands in the West Indies: Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Dominica, Grenada, Jamaica, Martinique, Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Trinidad and Tobago, and Virgin Islands.

For Orders From \$ 0.01 to \$ 2.50	..... 3 cents.
From \$ 2.51 to \$ 5.00	..... 5 cents.
From \$ 5.01 to \$ 10.00	..... 8 cents.
From \$10.01 to \$ 20.00	.....10 cents.
From \$20.01 to \$ 30.00	.....12 cents.
From \$30.01 to \$ 40.00	.....15 cents.
From \$40.01 to \$ 50.00	.....18 cents.
From \$50.01 to \$ 60.00	.....20 cents.
From \$60.01 to \$ 75.00	.....25 cents.
From \$75.01 to \$100.00	.....30 cents.

Memoranda of Issuing Postmaster:

NOTE.—The maximum amount for which a single Money Order may be issued is \$100. When a larger sum is to be sent additional Orders must be obtained. Any number of Orders may be drawn on any Money Order office on any one day.

Applications must be preserved at the office of issue for three years from date of issue.

(Enacted Jan., 1911.)

W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co.



**Seeds of the Best Quality
and Seeds Only**



Burpee Buildings

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Post Card

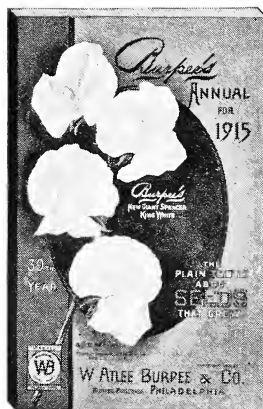
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Affix
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Here

Burpee's Annual

For 1915
The Leading
American Seed
Catalog

The
Plain Truth
about
Seeds that
Grow

To Your Address
FREE
Upon Request



W. Atlee Burpee & Co.

Seeds of the Best Quality
and Seeds Only

Burpee Buildings

Philadelphia, Pa.

(Form No 6001)

Post Office Department
ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL
 DIVISION OF MONEY ORDERS

Postmaster
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DOLLARS	CENTS
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 Spaces above this line are for the Postmaster's record, to be filled in by him.

Application for Domestic Money Order
 Spaces below to be filled in by purchaser, or, if necessary,
 by another person for him

Amount Dollars Cents

Pay to the order of } **W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO.**
 (Name of person or firm for whom order is intended)

Those addresses } Burpee Buildings, Street
 is } PHILADELPHIA,
 Post office } Pennsylvania
 State

Sent by (Name of Sender)

Address of }
 or }
 enter } No. Street
 PURCHASER MUST SEND ORDER AND COUPON TO PAYEE

NO.
 Stamp of Issuing Office

W. ATLEE BURPEE & Co.



**Seeds of the Best Quality
and Seeds Only**



Burpee Buildings

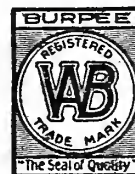
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

65. Bush Lima, Fordhook



SPECIAL ORDER SHEET

For the 76 Burpee Varieties and Collections as Listed
in "The Silent Salesman's Assistant"



W. Atlee Burpee & Co., Philadelphia

Name,.....

(Ladies will please put the prefix Miss or Mrs.)

Street Address or

Box Number,.....

Post Office,.....

County,

R. D. Route,..... State,.....

At prices and on quantities quoted in "The Silent Sales-
man's Assistant" we send to any address in U. S. by Parcel

Date,.....1915

AMOUNT ENCLOSED

P. O. Order, \$.....

Draft, \$.....
or Express Order

Cash, \$.....

Stamps. . . . \$.....



SPECIAL ORDER SHEET

For the 76 Burpee Varieties and Collections as Listed
in "The Silent Salesman's Assistant"



W. Atlee Burpee & Co., Philadelphia

Name,
(Ladies will please put the prefix Miss or Mrs.)

Date, 1915

Street Address or
Box Number,

AMOUNT ENCLOSED

Post Office,

P. O. Order, \$.....

County,

Draft, \$.....

R. D. Route, State,

or Express Order

Cash, \$.....

At prices and on quantities quoted in "The Silent Salesman's Assistant" we send to any address in U. S. by Parcels Post, postage paid. For prices on larger quantities by express or freight, see BURPEE'S ANNUAL FOR 1915.

Stamps, ... \$.....

Total, ... \$.....

In sending this order I rely upon your reputation as honest and experienced growers, that you will use every care to send me only seeds which you really believe are the Best that have been produced for planting in 1915. Should I discover that any mistake has been made, I shall advise you promptly, so that you may redeem the promise made on *second page cover* of BURPEE'S ANNUAL for 1915,—either to promptly replace the seeds or refund the price paid, as I may direct. I recognize the fact that a mistake may occasionally occur and also that success depends largely upon conditions of soil and climate, which are beyond human control,—consequently no honest seedsman could assume responsibility for an amount beyond the actual cost of the seeds.

Lbs. or Pts.	Quarter Lbs.	Ounces	Packets	76 BURPEE VARIETIES	Dollars	Cents
				10. Bush Bean, Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod		
				22. Bush Bean, Burpee's Fordhook Favorite		
				33. Bush Bean, Burpee's Brittle Wax		
				44. Bush Bean, Burpee's Kidney Wax		
				50. Bush Bean, Burpee's Saddleback Wax		
				55. Bush Bean, Burpee's Stringless White Wax		
				60. Bush Lima, Burpee's		
				63. Bush Lima, Burpee's Improved		
				65. Bush Lima, Fordhook		
				98. Pole Lima, Burpee's Giant-Podded		
				117. Beet, Burpee's Columbia		
				121. Beet, Burpee's Black-Red Ball		
				128. Beet, Burpee's Improved Blood		
				162. Brussels Sprouts, Burpee's Danish-Prize		
				177. Cabbage, Burpee's Allhead Early		
				179. Cabbage, Burpee's Early Stonehead		
				180. Cabbage, Fordhook Mainstay-Early		
				195. Cabbage, Burpee's Surehead		
				203. Cabbage, Danish Ballhead		
				205. Cabbage, Burpee's Danish Roundhead		
				210. Cabbage, Burpee's New Danish Round-Red		
				244. Cauliflower, Burpee's Best-Early		
				245. Cauliflower, Burpee's Dry-Weather		
				262. Celery, Golden Self-Blanching		
				301. Sweet Corn, Burpee's Golden Bantam		
				302. Sweet Corn, Burpee's Earliest Catawba		
				305. Sweet Corn, Burpee's Early Fordhook		
				310. Sweet Corn, Burpee's Early Howling-Mob		
				314. Sweet Corn, Seymour's Sweet-Orange		
				333. Sweet Corn, Burpee's White Evergreen		
				383. Cucumber, Burpee's Fordhook White Spine		
				393. Cucumber, Burpee's Fordhook Famous		
				395. Cucumber, Burpee's Fordhook Pickling		
				420. Egg Plant, Burpee's Black Beauty		
				476. Lettuce, Burpee's Earliest Wayahead		
				494. Lettuce, The Morse		
				490. Lettuce, Burpee's Tomhannock		
				508. Lettuce, California Cream-Butter		
				Amount carried forward		

Lbs. or Pts.	Quarter Lbs.	Ounces	Packets	76 BURPEE VARIETIES	Dollars	Cents
				Amount brought forward		
				⊙ 528. Lettuce, Burpee's Brittle-Ice.....		
				⊙ 530. Lettuce, Burpee's Iceberg.....		
				⊙ 537. Lettuce, Dwarf White Heart Cos.....		
				⊙ 544. Musk Melon, Burpee's Netted Gem.....		
				⊙ 546. Musk Melon, Burpee's Matchless.....		
				⊙ 560. Musk Melon, Burpee's Champion Market.....		
				⊙ 568. Musk Melon, Burpee's Bay View.....		
				⊙ 574. Musk Melon, Burpee's Fordhook.....		
				⊙ 575. Musk Melon, Burpee's Emerald Gem.....		
				⊙ 578. Musk Melon, Burpee's Spicy.....		
				⊙ 588. Watermelon, Burpee's Fordhook Early		
				⊙ 593. Watermelon, Baby-Delight.....		
				⊙ 596. Watermelon, Burpee's Cuban Queen.....		
				⊙ 601. Watermelon, Sugar-Stick.....		
				⊙ 609. Watermelon, Kleckley Sweets		
				⊙ 611. Watermelon, Burpee's Halbert Honey		
				⊙ 647. Mustard, Fordhook Fancy.....		
				⊙ 666. Okra, Kleckley's Favorite.....		
				⊙ 681. Onion, American-grown Prize-Taker		
				⊙ 693. Onion, Australian Brown.....		
				⊙ 707. Onion, Burpee's Mammoth Silver King		
				⊙ 754. Pea, Burpee's Blue-Bantam		
				⊙ 765. Pea, Burpee's Profusion		
				⊙ 814. Pea, Giant Sugar-Sword		
				⊙ 819. Pepper, Burpee's Chinese Giant		
				⊙ 821. Pepper, Burpee's Ruby King.....		
				⊙ 878. Radish, Burpee's Rapid-Red		
				⊙ 879. Radish, Burpee's Hailstone.....		
				⊙ 905. Radish, Burpee's Earliest White.....		
				⊙ 1032. Squash, Burpee's Fordhook		
				⊙ 1095. Tomato, Burpee's Dwarf-Giant		
				⊙ 1097. Tomato, Burpee's Sunnybrook Earliana.....		
				⊙ 1101. Tomato, Chalk's Early Jewel.....		
				⊙ 1108. Tomato, Burpee's Matchless.....		
				⊙ 1112. Tomato, Burpee's Trucker's Favorite		
				⊙ 1138. Tomato, Golden Dwarf Champion.....		
				⊙ 1189. Ruta Baga, Burpee's Breadstone		
				⊙ 1194. Ruta Baga, Golden Neckless.....		
				Total.....		
BURPEE'S SIX SUPERB SPENCERS for 25 cts. The Six Superb Varieties described on page 16				BURPEE'S GEM COLLECTION OF ANNUALS Eight Packets Beautiful Flowers for 25 cts., as described on page 16		
BURPEE'S SIX STANDARD SPEN- CERS for 25 cts. The Six Popular Standard Varieties described on page 16				BURPEE'S 1915 COLLECTION OF NASTURTIUMS for 25 cts. contains David Burpee, Dwarf Lilliput, Queen of Tom Thumbs, Fordhook Favorite Tall Mixed, Tall Lobbs Mixed, and the new Tall Variegated Queen Mixture of Burpee's New Royal Race of Tall or Trailing Nasturtiums		
FIVE OF THE FINEST VARIETIES OF BURPEE'S SPENCER SWEET PEAS for 50 cts., embracing The Five Magnificent Varieties de- scribed on the third cover				FIVE OF THE FINEST FORDHOOK VEGETABLES for 25 cts. containing Burpee's Golden Bantam Sweet Corn, Burpee's Earliest Wayahead Lettuce, Burpee's Fordhook Bush Lima Bean, Burpee's Hailstone Radish and Chalk's Early Jewel Tomato		
BURPEE'S DOLLAR BOX OF SPEN- CERS FOR 1915 contains All the Above Collections and, in addi- tion, Burpee's Illuminator, Elfrida Pearson and Stirling Stent				Total of all Seeds and Collections.....		



Five of the Finest Varieties of "Burpee-Spencer" Sweet Peas

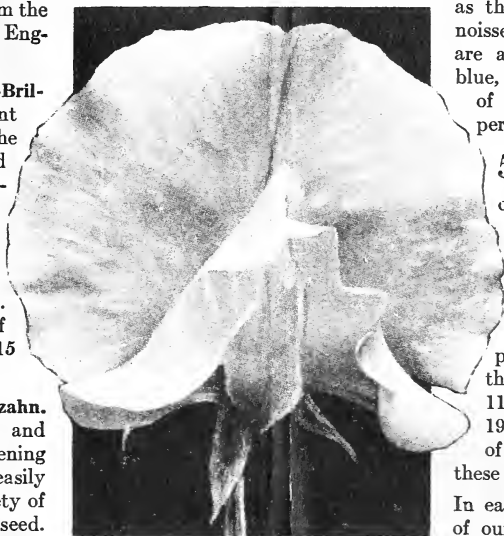


For 50 Cts. we will mail one regular retail packet each of the following:

No. 3490—King White. The greatest novelty of 1914; remarkable for substance, size and the "glistening immaculate purity of the whiteness" and the perfect finish of the flower. A spray of four, actual size, is shown reproduced from nature on the front cover of Burpee's Annual for 1915. **KING WHITE** has received numerous prizes including an Award of Merit from the National Sweet Pea Society of England. Price, 25 cts. per packet.

No. 3887—Burpee's Vermilion-Brilliant. The most brilliant, iridescent scarlet Spencer yet produced. The bold, erect standard is well waved and fluted, of good size, beautifully rounded and finishing well below the keel. The wings are of the same intense pure scarlet, making a uniform color throughout and entirely sunproof. See painting on front cover of this "Silent Salesman." Price, 15 cts. per packet.

No. 3528—Burpee's Mrs. Routzahn. Buff or apricot ground, flushed and suffused with delicate pink deepening towards the edges. This is still easily first in its class. No other variety of similar coloring comes true to seed. Price, 10 cts. per packet.



Burpee's King White

No. 3539—Burpee's Orchid. Decidedly the best of all lavenders. The lovely coloring is a soft lavender throughout, slightly suffused with pink, on both standard and wings. The flowers are practically of a self-color suggesting the rich tone found only in the Cattleya family of orchids. Price, 15 cts. per packet.

No. 3589—Burpee's Wedgwood. This beautiful novelty is likely to become quite as popular in the sweet pea world as the famous china is among connoisseurs. The magnificent flowers are a unique shade of lovely light blue, completely eclipsing all others of similar coloring. Price, 15 cts. per packet.

50 Cts. buys one regular retail packet each of the above "Five of the Finest." Purchased separately these five packets would cost 80 cts.

KING WHITE is shown on the cover of **BURPEE'S ANNUAL FOR 1915**, while the other four, painted from nature, comprise the beautiful flower plate on page 110 of **BURPEE'S ANNUAL FOR 1915**. No other five "Spencers" of similar colorings can approach these in excellence and beauty.

In each collection we enclose a copy of our special Leaflet on Sweet Pea Culture.

Burpee's Dollar Box of Spencers for 1915

For \$1.00 we will mail all three collections, as offered on these two pages, also a fifteen-cent packet of **BURPEE'S ILLUMINATOR**, our unique novelty of 1914, and a regular ten-cent packet each of—

No. 3450—Elfrida Pearson. Of extra large size the magnificent flowers are of a lovely pink shade and invariably borne in fours.

No. 3575—Stirling Stent. The richest, most glowing deep salmon self, suffused with orange, making in all **Twenty True and Tried Spencers** for \$1.00. These are all neatly packed in a pasteboard box together with our leaflet on culture.

In ordering, it is sufficient to write for **Burpee's New Dollar Box of Spencers for 1915**.

W. Atlee Burpee & Co., Seed Growers
Burpee Buildings - - - Philadelphia

SEED FARMS IN PENNSYLVANIA, NEW JERSEY AND CALIFORNIA



1915

Burpee's Blue Bantam

The Best
Main Crop
Early
Pea

Chalk's Jewel

The Best Main Crop
Early Tomato

Burpee's Golden Bantam

The
Best
Main Crop
Early
Sweet
Corn

